



Key Ideas and People That Shaped (the History of) Psychology

This worksheet will help you keep track of the main periods, ideas and people that shaped the history of Psychology. As you go through the sessions and associated readings, you could use this sheet as your study buddy, completing the table as you go along.

To assist you in filling out this table, at the end of this worksheet you will discover a roster of individual names you'll encounter throughout the sessions. Can you match sessions, times, ideas, and people?

Session	Timeframe	Key idea(s)	Key name(s)
<i>Introduction</i>			
<i>Pre-Psychology</i>			
<i>Birth of Psychology</i>			
<i>Psychoanalysis</i>			
<i>Behaviorism</i>			
<i>Gestalt Psychology</i>			
<i>Cognitive Psychology</i>			
<i>Psychology Today</i>			
<i>Psychotherapy Research</i>			
<i>Psychological Testing</i>			

Decision Science

*What Kind of Science
is Psychology?*

Individuals who shaped (the history of) Psychology (in alphabetical order)

James Rowland Angell
Aristotle
Francis Bacon
Daniel Bernoulli
Jean-Baptiste Bouillaud
Alfred Binet
Josef Breuer
Paul Broca
Egon Brunswik
John B. Carroll
James McKeen Cattell
Jean-Martin Charcot
Nimip Chimsky
Noam Chomsky
Charles Darwin
Marc Dax
René Descartes
Christian von Ehrenfels
Hans Jürgen Eysenck
Gustav Theodor Fechner
Sigmund Freud
Galileo Galilei
Franz Joseph Gall
Francis Galton
Hermann von Helmholtz
Victor Henri
John L. Horn
David Hume
William James
Daniel Kahnemann
Immanuel Kant
Wolfgang Köhler
Kurt Lewin
Karl Menninger
George A. Miller
Ivan Petrovitsch Pavlov
Karl Pearson
Plato
Adolphe Quetelet

Rosalie Rayner
Carl Rogers
Saul Rosenzweig
Walter Dill Scott
Burrhus Frederic Skinner
Charles E. Spearman
Lewis Terman
Edward Lee Thorndike
Louis L. Thurstone
Edward Bradford Titchener
Amos Tversky
John B. Watson
Ernst Heinrich Weber
David Wechsler
Max Wertheimer
Joseph Wolpe
Wilhelm Wundt
Robert M. Yerkes